

**Assume Any Missing Data**

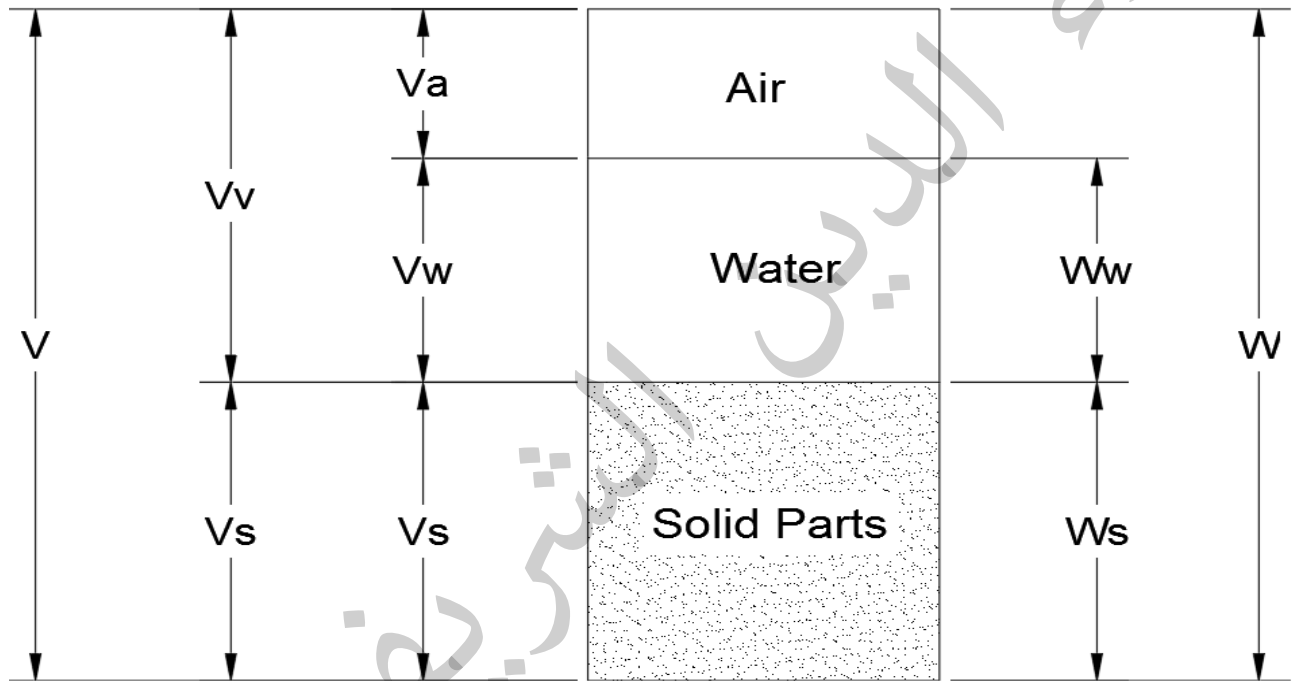
**Question # 1: ( 20 points(A=6 Points , B= 4 Points , C=10 Points))**

A- Draw 3-phase diagram , define and show how to calculate each of the following

ارسم نظام الثلاث مجالات للتربة وقم بتعريف وتوضيح كيفية حساب ما يلي

Porosity - Bulk Density - Specific Gravity – Water Content

المسامية - الكثافة المبللة - الوزن النوعي - محتوى الرطوبة



$$e = \frac{V_v}{V_s} \text{ ( 1.5 Point ) } , G_s = \frac{W_s}{V_s} \text{ ( 1.5 Point ) } , \gamma_b = \frac{W}{V} \text{ ( 1.5 Point ) } W_c = \frac{W_w}{W_s} \text{ ( 1.5 Point ) }$$

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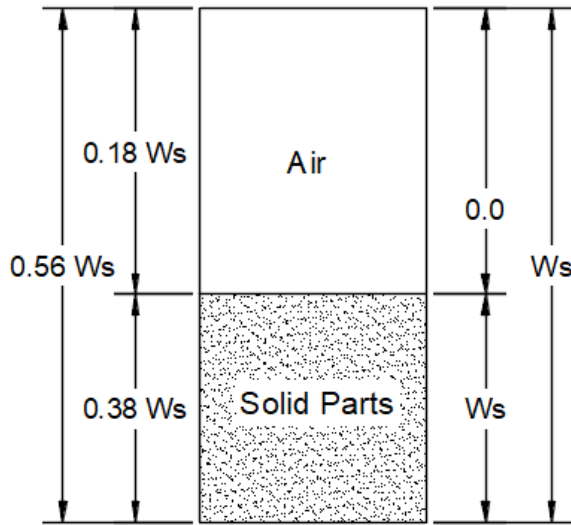
B- في الحالتين تكون كل الفراغات مشبعة بالماء لكن الفرق عندما تكون العينة مغمورة فان قوة المياه تدفع العينة الى اعلى مما يؤدي الى نقص الكثافة

Prove The Following :

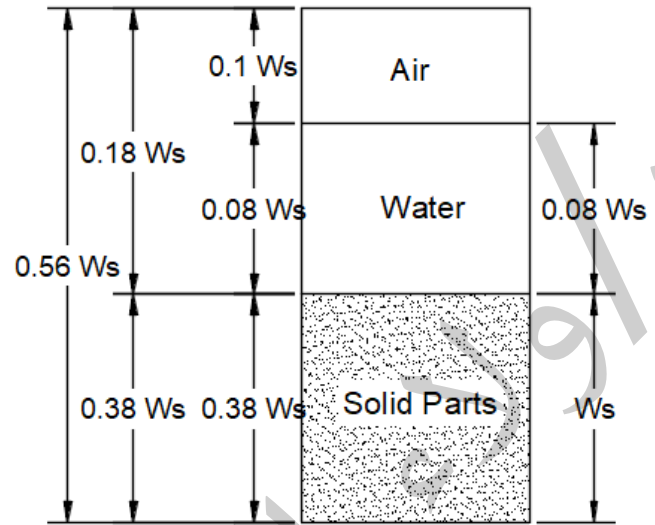
$$\gamma_{Sub} = \gamma_{Sat} - 1$$

$$\gamma_{Sub} = \frac{W_{Sub}}{V} = \frac{W_{Sat} - \gamma_w V}{V} = \gamma_{Sat} - 1 \text{ ( 4 Points )}$$

C- A dry sand unit weight of  $1.78 \text{ t/m}^3$  and specific gravity of 2.62, During rain fall the degree of saturation increases to 38 % assuming the volume of the sand remains constant , determine the wet density and water content of sand after being wet



**Case Of Dry Sand**



**Case Of Wet Sand**

Case 1 Dry sand as shown in fig 1

$$\gamma_d = \frac{W_s}{V}, 1.78 V = W_s, \text{ So } V = 0.56 W_s$$

$$G_s = \frac{W_s}{V_s}, 2.62 = \frac{W_s}{V_s}, \text{ So } V_s = 0.38 W_s$$

Case 2 Wet Sand

$$V = \text{Constant} = 0.56 W_s$$

$$S = \frac{V_w}{V_v}, \text{ So } V_w = 0.38 V_v$$

$$\text{From Figure } V_v = V - V_s = (0.56 - 0.38) W_s = 0.18 W_s$$

$$V_w = 0.38 * 0.18 W_s = 0.07 W_s$$

$$\gamma_b = \frac{W_b}{V} = \frac{(1+0.07)W_s}{0.56 W_s} = 1.91 \text{ t/m}^3$$

$$W_c = \frac{W_w}{W_s} = 0.07 W_s / W_s = 7\%$$

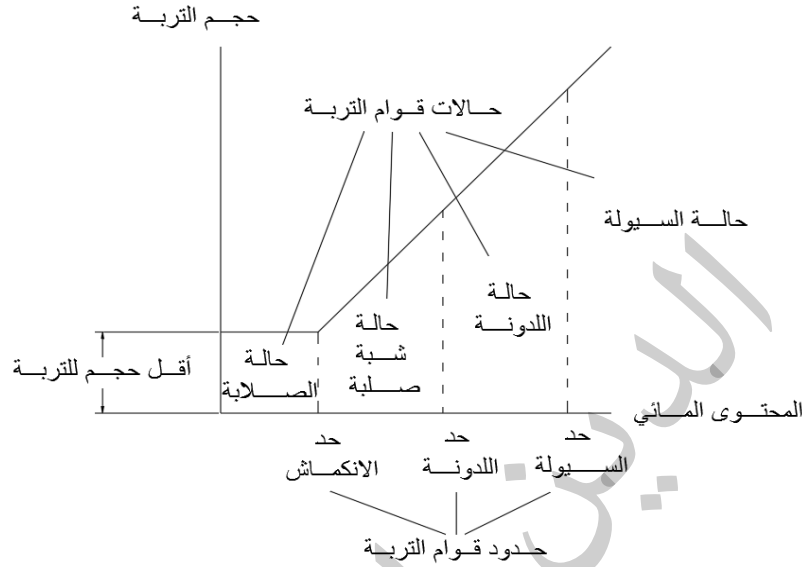
**Question # 2: ( 20 points(A=5 Points ,B=5 Points , C=10 Points))**

A-How to determine Density using sand Cone

وضح كيفية تعيين الكثافة باستخدام المخروط الرملي

B-Draw  $W_c$  ,  $V$  Chart For Clay Soil and Show Where is States Of Soil and It's limits

ارسم المنحنى الذي يبين العلاقة بين الحجم والمحتوى المائي للطين و بين عليه (مع الشرح) مجالات التربة و حدود اتبرج



C- A Sample Of clay has liquid limit 62% and it's plasticity index is 32%

a- What is the state of consistency of the soil if the soil and its natural state has a water content of 34%

b- Calculate the shrinkage limit if the void ratio of the sample at the shrinkage limit is 0.7

assume  $G_s=2.7$

a-  $I_1 = (W_c - P.L) / P.I$  ,  $W_c = 0.34$  ,  $L.L. = 0.62$  ,  $P.I = 0.32$  ,  $P.L = 62 - 32 = 0.30$

$I_1 = (0.34 - 0.30) / 0.32 = 0.125$  The consistency of the soil is very stiff

b-  $S.L. = e / G_s = 0.7 / 2.7 = 25.9$